

VETERINARY EDUCATION TRANSFER SERVICES LTD

Working with Dairy Cows Courses
Staff Training, Resources, Seminars, Investigations.
With Neil Chesterton BVSc.



www.lowstressdairy.nz www.lamecow.co.nz

Herringbone Milking Platforms

Farm Policy - "Milking is an exercise in contentment"*

On our farm

Every milking will be calm with a consistent routine for people and the cows.

Operating Procedure

- Gathering cows for milking call cows "come on girls"
 - Allow cows to drift to the collecting yard
 - Keep 5 metres behind the last cow, don't stand in the blind spot.
- 2. **Milking yard** Ensure there is enough space for the size of the herd before closing the entry gate (1.3 sq. m /Jersey (400kg), 1.5 sq. m/Friesian (550kg), 1.8- 2 sq. m/Holstein Friesian (650 750kg)).
- 3. **Start milking** as the first cows arrive if possible.

4. Backing gate –

- Don't move the gate for at least 20 minutes or until three rows have been milked to ensure enough space in the yard for the herd to rearrange into a milking order.
- Move the gate little (maximum of one metre) and often to take up the space in the yard and to keep cows flowing into the bails.
- Backing gate must never be used to push cows.
- Gate speed maximum of 12m/min in round yards, 6m/min in rectangular yards.
- The ideal gate control is a button and a timer so that the gate moves forward a maximum of 1m per activation or ½ m in rectangular yards.

5. Stay in the pit -

- All milkers work from front of pit.
- Call the cows into the bail.
- Milkers should only enter the yard when really necessary, for example for the last row or two..
- Use "low-stress handling" techniques if entering the yard (flight distance and balance points).

6. Filling the bails -

- Encourage the cows to move to the front bails **by walking against the flow,** talking to the cows.
- Don't tap pipework, poke cows, whistle or shout to push cows up the bails.

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7. Cluster changing

- Always start cupping from the exit end of the pit
- Start cupping as soon as the first 4 cows are rowed up. This gives more
 time for the rest of the cows to row themselves up. Aim once the first
 cow is position she should be cupped within 30 seconds.
- One milker milks in batches of 4-5, teat spray as you go.
- **Two milkers**:- "leap frog" past each other, milking in batches of 4-5, teat spray as you go.
- 8. **Feeding** ensure bail feeders are pulled as soon as cows are in position to give them time to eat. The ideal is to have bail feeders that drop feed to five ten bails at a time to encourage the cows to come to the front.
- 9. Milking behavior keep milking calm and relaxed no whistling, no shouting, no poking or hitting cows or pipework.
- 10. **Teat spraying** cows teats are sprayed after every milking. Spray to cover all surfaces of all the teats.

11. Opening the head gate -

- The gate should be opened as soon as possible to give the cows time to exit and the next row to enter.
- Aim to open the gate once 50-75% of clusters have been changed.
- Be brave, live dangerously!
- 12. **Hosing down during milking**. Keep the bail area clean during milking. Hose down on the side where the cups are on, not in front of the cows as they enter.

13. The milking plant –

- Listen and watch the plant throughout milking to make sure it is working properly.
- Keep radio volume low. It is best to have no radio if there is disagreement between milkers on which station to listen to

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